

3.3 b more rules for derivatives

p 119

Product Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx}(u \cdot v) = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} x^2 \sin x = x^2 \cos x + \sin x \cdot 2x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (x^3 + 2x + 3)(x^7 - 4) =$$

$$(x^3 + 2x + 3) \left(\frac{dv}{dx} \right) + (x^7 - 4) \left(\frac{du}{dx} \right)$$

$$(x^3 + 2x + 3)(7x^6) + (x^7 - 4)(3x^2 + 2)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} x^2 \sin x \cos x =$$

$$x^2 \sin x \cdot (-\sin x) + \cos x (x^2 \cos x + \sin x \cdot 2x)$$

Quotient Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{u}{v}\right) = \frac{v \frac{du}{dx} - u \frac{dv}{dx}}{v^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{x^3}{\sin x}\right) = \frac{\sin x \cdot 3x^2 - x^3 (\cos x)}{\sin^2 x}$$

$\sin^2 x = (\sin x)^2$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}\right) = \frac{(x^2+1)2x - (x^2-1)2x}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{x^2 \sin x}{x^2 + 1} =$$

$$\frac{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x) - (x^2 \sin x)(2x)}{(x^2 + 1)^2}$$

3.4 a

position

s

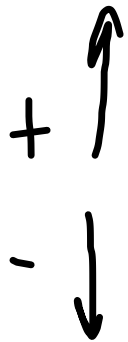
velocity

$$v = \frac{ds}{dt}$$

acceleration

$$a = \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{d^2s}{dt^2}$$

$$\text{speed} = |\text{velocity}|$$



3.4 EX 4



$v=0$

$$s = 160t - 16t^2$$

$$v = 160 - 32t$$

$$a = -32$$

$t = \text{time (sec)}$

$s = \text{height (ft)}$

a) how high?

$$v=0 = 160 - 32t$$

$$s = \frac{160}{\frac{32}{\text{sec}}} = 32t$$

$$s_{\max} = 160 \cdot 5 - 16 \cdot 5^2 = 400 \text{ ft}$$

b) $256 = 160t - 16t^2$ solve for t

$$t = 2, 8$$

$$v(2) = 96 \text{ ft/sec}$$

$$v(8) = -96 \text{ ft/sec}$$

c) $a = -32 \frac{\text{ft/sec}}{\text{sec}} = \text{ft/sec}^2$

Ex 5 t

parametric graphing

$$s = t^2 - 4t + 3$$

or $y = 2$